Executive Summary

The City of Bath World Heritage Site was inscribed in 1987. The reasons for inscription, or attributes of Outstanding Universal Value, can be defined as:

- 1. Roman Archaeology
- 2. The hot springs
- 3. Georgian town planning
- 4. Georgian architecture
- 5. The green setting of the City in a hollow in the hills
- 6. Georgian architecture reflecting 18th century social ambitions

Bath is a complex site, encompassing an entire living city where modern life co-exists alongside historic cultural and natural assets of global significance. Achieving balance between conservation and community needs is the constant challenge which this plan addresses.

This plan replaces the first site plan of 2003. It follows that document in explaining site significance, management, pressures and challenges facing the site, and how to address these. There are important changes in this plan, notably a new draft statement of Outstanding Universal Value defining site significance in World Heritage terms, which underpins all World Heritage management decisions.

There have also been significant events since the production of the previous plan. Thermae Bath Spa has opened, re-establishing the connection between the Hot Springs and health and well being on which so much of Bath's history is founded, and the new Southgate Shopping area has remodelled a significant area of the City centre. New national guidance has come forward, including Planning Policy Statement 5, and new agendas have come to the fore, especially the increasing need to address climate change.

A buoyant economy during the previous plan period lead to development pressures not seen in the city for a generation. Debate regarding new developments was intense, and a UNESCO Mission visited the site in 2008 to study proposals and share advice. The UNESCO Mission documents are included in this plan, as are actions to address the points raised.

The UNESCO Mission concluded that both the overall state of conservation and management of the site were good. However, despite this welcome commendation there are always challenges to be faced.

The World Heritage Site Steering Group, who are responsible for production of this plan, have considered the many comments made during consultation on this document and produced the following six key priorities:

- Funding and management of World Heritage. Placing consideration of Outstanding Universal Value at the heart of key decision making.
- Transport. Developing a comprehensive response the City's traffic pressures.
- Buffer Zone and Setting. Continue to explore ways to preserve the setting of the Site.

- Planning policy. Providing a robust and comprehensive planning policy to ensure new development does not harm the values for which the site was inscribed.
- Public Realm. Addressing the need to improve the public realm through existing and new measures.
- Interpretation. Ensuring the reasons for inscription and the story of the site are more effectively told.

Despite the new plan emerging at a time when the finances are under pressure and many aspects affecting the site such as regional planning are dynamic, all partners involved in managing Bath World Heritage Site remain committed to ensure that the City of Bath, as a masterpiece of human creative genius, continues to be conserved for the benefit of this and future generations.